

Monitoring information

COUNCIL OUTCOME INDICATORS

The Council's outcomes are our overall 10-year aspirations for the city. They were developed in response to the city and regional community outcomes processes and reflect the community aspirations set down in those processes.

The Council outcomes reflect areas of the city we are able to influence, whereas community outcomes reflect the community's overall aspirations including areas we have limited ability to influence (for example, affordability of public health services and diversity of the media).

The following indicators have been developed to assess achievement of our Council Outcomes. Overtime we expect to see improvement across all areas. The information provided below contributes to the 'State of the City' discussions found within each strategy section.

URBAN DEVELOPMENT OUTCOME INDICATORS

COMMUNITY OUTCOMES	WCC OUTCOMES	COUNCIL OUTCOME INDICATOR	DATA
Wellington will protect its heritage buildings and ensure that new developments are sympathetic to them.	More Liveable / More Sustainable	1.1.A Resident perceptions that Wellington is a great place to live. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2005 = 96%; 2006 = 96%; 2007 = 93%.
		1.1.B Resident perceptions that Wellington offers a variety of places to live, work and play. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	Live: 2005 = 95%; 2006 = 95%; 2007 = 91% Work: 2005 = 79%; 2006 = 82%; 2007 = 79% Play: 2005 = 94%; 2006 = 94%; 2007 = 93%
		1.1.C Population density – central city area, inner-city residential, suburban residential, outer residential and along 'Growth Spine' (long-term indicator). (Source: WCC GIS)	Central city area: 2001 = 5,844 people; 2006 = 8,547 people Inner city residential: 2001 = 23,559 people; 2006 = 25,227 people Suburban centre: 2001 = 2,295 people; 2006 = 3,105 people Outer residential: 2001 = 98,718 people; 2006 = 108,402 people Growth Spine (estimate): 2001 = 18,348 people; 2006 = 22,293 people
Urban development will support Wellington's uniqueness as a compact harbour city.	More Prosperous	1.2.A Value of commercial building consents (construction and alteration). (Source: Statistics NZ)	2005 = \$302.0m; 2006 = \$363.7m; 2007 = \$215.3m
Wellington's thriving suburban and rural centres offer enhanced services and lifestyle choices.	More Compact	1.3.A Building density (buildings per hectare central city area - inner-city residential, suburban residential, outer residential and along 'Growth Spine' (long-term indicator). (Source: WCC GIS)	Central city area: 2002 = 7.40build/hect (1,797 build); 2006 = 7.43 build/hect (1,805 build) Inner city residential: 2002 = 32.90 build/hect (10,127 build); 2006 = 33.63 (10,353 build) Suburban centre: 2002 = 6.63 build/hect (1,958 build); 2006 = 7.14 build/hect (2,106 build) Outer residential: 2002 = 19.55 build/hect (68,792 build); 2006 = 20.84 build/hect (73,350 build) Growth Spine (estimate): 2002 = 12.21 build/hect (8,918 build); 2006 = 13.23 build/hect (9,659 build)
Wellingtonians will feel safe in all parts of the city.		1.3.B Proportion of houses within 100m of a public transport stop. (Source: WCC GIS)	2005 = 44.4% 2006 = 48.7%
Wellington's urban development and buildings will be energy-efficient.	Safer	1.4.A Residents' perceptions of safety issues (urban design focussed issues). (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	Graffiti = 59%; Poorly lit or dark public areas = 51%; Vandalism = 47%; Poorly maintained or dangerous public areas (parks, streets, paths) = 40%.
Wellington will be pedestrian and cyclist friendly.	Stronger Sense of Place	1.5.A Resident perceptions that heritage items contribute to the city's unique character. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2005 = 93%; 2006 = 91%; 2007 = 86%.
Wellington's transport system will be designed to meet the needs of its people efficiently and sustainably.		1.5.B Resident perceptions that heritage items contribute to their local community's unique character. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2005 = 86%; 2006 = 79%; 2007 = 72%.
Wellington's traffic will flow smoothly through and around the city and its suburbs.		1.5.C New Zealanders perception that Wellington is an attractive destination. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2005 = 80%; 2006 = 81%; 2007 = 75%.
		1.5.D Residents' rating of sense of pride in the way their city looks and feels. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey and *Quality of Life in NZ's Eight Largest Cities)	2002 = 87%*; 2007 = 86%

TRANSPORT OUTCOME INDICATORS

COMMUNITY OUTCOMES	WCC OUTCOMES	COUNCIL OUTCOME INDICATOR	DATA
Wellington's transport system will be designed to meet the needs of its people efficiently and sustainably.	More Liveable	2.1.A Public transport convenience – resident perceptions. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2007 = 78% (new indicator for 2007)
		2.1.B Public transport affordability – resident perceptions. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2007 = 78% (new indicator for 2007)
		2.1.C Peak travel times – suburbs to the central city and the central city to the airport. (Source: WCC Infrastructure)	Central city to the airport: 2005 = 10.3m; 2006 = 10.2m; 2007 = 9.1m Johnsonville to the airport: 2005 = 24.5m; 2006 = 22.6m; 2007 = 19.8m
Wellington's public transport system will be accessible and affordable for all.	More Prosperous	2.2.A Cargo loaded and unloaded at Wellington Seaport and Airport (tonnage). (Source: Statistics NZ)	Tonnes loaded (year-end March) 2005 = 686,095; 2006 = 1,156,739; 2007 = 791,315 Tonnes unloaded (year-end March) 2005 = 1,516,604; 2006 = 1,065,834; 2007 = 1,080,714
Wellington will be pedestrian and cyclist friendly.	More Sustainable	2.3.A Mode of transport used by residents to come into the CBD. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	Car: 2005 = 45%; 2006 = 43%; 2007 = 45% Bus: 2005 = 31%; 2006 = 32%; 2007 = 28%; Walk (skate, scoot): 2005 = 12%; 2006 = 16%; 2007 = 10%; Train: 2005 = 6%; 2006 = 6%; 2007 = 6%, Cycle: 2005 = 2%; 2006 = 2%; 2007 = 7%.
		2.3.B Total fuel used on Wellington roads, per capita. (Source: WCC Infrastructure)	2004/05 = 127.0 million litres; 2005/06 = 133.8 million litres; 2006/07 = 134.5 million litres
Wellington's traffic will flow smoothly through and around the city and its suburbs.	Better connected	2.4.A Resident perceptions that the transport system allows easy movement around the city (driver and pedestrian). (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	Driver: 2005 = 70%; 2006 = 73%; 2007 = 64% Pedestrians: 2005 = 92%; 2006 = 94%; 2007 = 92%
		2.4.B Resident perceptions that the city's transport system allows easy access from the suburbs to the city. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2005 = 78%; 2006 = 81%; 2007 = 77%
		2.4.C Resident perceptions that the peak traffic volumes are acceptable. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2005 = 56%; 2006 = 56%; 2007 = 55%
		2.4.D Resident perceptions that there are barriers to using their preferred mode of transport. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2005 = 24%; 2006 = 24%; 2007 = 26%
Links by land, air and sea will meet the needs of people and enterprises.	Safer	2.5.A Resident perceptions of safety issues (transport focussed issues). (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	Car theft = 59%; Dangerous driving = 59%; Traffic (including busy roads and lack of pedestrian facilities) = 47%.
		2.5.B Road crashes (and road user statistics – involved in accidents). (Source: Land Transport NZ)	2004 Crashes: Fatal = 1; Serious = 55; Minor = 273; Total = 329, 2005 Crashes: Fatal = 4; Serious = 54; Minor = 327; Total = 385, 2006 Crashes: Fatal = 7; Serious = 60; Minor = 348; Total = 415,
		2.5.C Social cost of crashes – includes loss of life estimates. (Source: Land Transport NZ)	Wellington City: 2006 Total = \$113.39m Local roads: Urban = \$84.14m; Rural = \$1.24m State highway: Urban = \$13.90m; Rural = \$14.06m

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OUTCOME INDICATORS

COMMUNITY OUTCOMES	WCC OUTCOMES	COUNCIL OUTCOME INDICATOR	DATA
Wellington will have an increasing diversity of vibrant, internationally competitive businesses and industries of all sizes, and sustainable employment opportunities.	Stronger Sense of Place	3.1.A Visitor numbers (international and domestic). (Source: Ministry of Tourism)	International (December year-end) 2004 = 570,474; 2005 = 571,663; 2006 = 568,080. Domestic (September year-end) 2004 = 4,362,866; 2005 = 4,601,467; 2006 = 4,304,913.
		3.1.B Accommodation (commercial) - occupancy rates. (Source: Statistics NZ)	March Quarter: 2005 = 71.6; 2006 = 67.9; 2007 = 71.4
		3.1.C Accommodation (commercial) - guest nights. (Source: Statistics NZ)	March Quarter: 2005 = 476,157; 2006 = 487,386; 2007 = 534,502
		3.1.D Number of major conferences. (Source: Positively Wellington Business)	2007 (March year-end) = 1,026.
Wellington will become a centre of excellence for education and training, and the promotion of entrepreneurship.	More Compact	3.2.A Growth in businesses and employees engaged in retail, entertainment, service and knowledge sectors (with comparison to the region). (Source: Statistics NZ)	<u>Wellington City</u> Total Businesses: 2001 = 3,876; 2006 = 4,610, Total Employees: 2001 = 24,780; 2006 = 28,990, Retail: Business 2001= 1,712; 2006 = 1,888; Employees: 2001= 9,770; 2006 = 11,790, Entertainment: Business 2001= 1,057; 2006 = 1,449; Employees: 2001= 4,190; 2006 = 5,110, Service: Business 2001= 891; 2006 = 1,033 Employees: 2001= 7,260; 2006 = 7,680 Knowledge: Business 2001= 216; 2006 = 240; Employees: 2001= 3,560; 2006 = 4,410 <u>Wellington region</u> Total Businesses: 2001 = 7,919; 2006 = 9,205, Total Employees: 2001 = 46,460; 2006 = 54,510, Retail: Business 2001= 4,114; 2006 = 4,509; Employees: 2001= 22,140; 2006 = 26,220, Entertainment: Business 2001= 1,672; 2006 = 2,157; Employees: 2001= 6,760; 2006 = 7,340, Service: Business 2001= 1,744; 2006 = 2,090 Employees: 2001= 11,320; 2006 = 13,360 Knowledge: Business 2001= 389; 2006 = 449; Employees: 2001= 6,240; 2006 = 7,590
Wellington will be a prime tourist and conference destination, with diverse and changing attractions that fit and highlight Wellington's best features.	More Eventful	3.3.A Iconic and A-level events held in the city, and their economic contribution. (Source: WCC City Events)	2 Iconic events = \$19m and 5 A-level events = \$28.5m (Total iconic and A-level = \$47.5m) Note: Total events supported by Events Development Fund provided economic contribution of \$50.33m
Wellington's thriving suburban and rural centres will offer enhanced services and lifestyle choices.	Better Connected	3.4.A Broadband usage. (Source: WCC Strategy Unit)	2006 = 51% of residents had broadband access (88% of residents had internet access).
		3.4.B Cargo loaded and unloaded at Wellington Seaport and Airport (dollar value). (Source: Statistics NZ)	Tonnes loaded (year-end March) 2005 = \$907.6m; 2006 = \$844.8m; 2007 = \$957.8m Tonnes unloaded (year-end March) 2005 = \$2,259.5m; 2006 = \$2,093.1m, 2007 = \$2,190.4m.
		3.4.C Number of international and national airline passengers entering Wellington airport. (Source: Wellington International Airport)	Domestic: 2004 = 3,865,000; 2005 = 4,015,000; 2006 = 4,007,000 International: 2004 = 456,000; 2005 = 587,000; 2006 = 565,000
Wellington will have venues that suit a range of events and reflect the needs of the city.	More Prosperous	3.5.A Gross Domestic Product growth in the city and region (Source: BERL Regional Database, Statistics NZ)	GDP per capita growth for 2006: Wellington Region = 1.7%; NZ = 1.2%. Note: No GDP information was available for Wellington City.
		3.5.B Regional economic activity growth. (Source: National Bank)	Year-on-year growth to March: 2004 = 3.5; 2005 = 2.9; 2006 = 1.9; 2007 = 1.7.
		3.5.C Number of job vacancies. (Source: Labour Department)	2003/04 = 8,964, 2004/05 = 10,723, 2005/06 = 11,806, 2006/07 = 10,388
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<p>Wellington will become a centre of excellence for education and training, and the promotion of entrepreneurship.</p> <p>Wellington will be a prime tourist and conference destination, with diverse and changing attractions that fit and highlight Wellington's best features.</p> <p>Wellington's thriving suburban and rural centres will offer enhanced services and lifestyle choices.</p> <p>Wellington will have venues that suit a range of events and reflect the needs of the city.</p>		3.5.D Employees by industry. (Source: Statistics NZ)	(2005 February, 2006 February) Agriculture/ Forestry/ Fishery 35, 25; Mining 70, 85; Manufacturing 5,190, 5,180; Electricity/ Gas/ Water Supply 830, 680; Construction 3,780, 4,030; Wholesale Trade 5,070, 5,270; Retail Trade 11,650, 11,790; Accommodation/ Cafes/ Restaurants 8,040, 8,070; Transport/ Storage 4,580, 4,590; Communication Services 3,570, 3,680; Finance/ Insurance 10,210,10,730; Property and Business Services 26,830, 26,520; Government Administration and Defence 19,080, 21,300; Education 7,540, 7,480; Health and Community Services 11,760, 11,050; Cultural and Recreational Services 4,600, 5,120; Personal and Other Services 6,880, 7,120. Total 129,680, 132,720
		3.5.E Labour force participation rate (labour force/working-age population). (Source: Statistics NZ)	March Quarter Wellington: 2005 = 68.8%; 2006 = 70.5%; 2007 = 70.5% New Zealand: 2005 = 67.6%; 2006 = 68.5%; 2007 = 68.6%
	More Competitive	3.6.A New Zealand's top 200 companies based in Wellington. (Source: Management Magazine)	2004 = 32; 2005 = 30; 2006 = 27. (Note: excludes banks, insurance and financial)
		3.6.B Business enterprises– births and deaths. (Source: Statistics NZ)	Percentage growth in numbers of economically viable business enterprises (the net growth in businesses, i.e. business 'births' minus business 'deaths'): 2002 – 2006 = 13.3% increase
	More Entrepreneurial and Innovative	3.7.A Industry training - Number of people undertaking industry training. (Source: Tertiary Education Commission)	2004 = 4,399; 2006 = 6,157
		3.7.B Businesses and employees engaged in research and development sector (as defined by Stats NZ – ANSIC). (Source: Statistics NZ)	Employees: 2001 = 3,030; 2003 = 3,460; 2006 = 3,860. Businesses: 2001 = 37; 2003 = 58; 2006 = 89.
	3.7.C Tertiary students enrolled in Wellington City (with comparison to NZ). (Source: Ministry of Education)	Wellington: 2005 = 31, 936; 2006 = 30,225, New Zealand: 2005 = 504,611; 2006 = 491,025	

ENVIRONMENT OUTCOME INDICATORS

COMMUNITY OUTCOMES	WCC OUTCOMES	COUNCIL OUTCOME INDICATOR	DATA
Wellington will protect and showcase its natural landforms and indigenous ecosystems.	More Liveable	4.1.A Hectares of open space land owned or maintained by WCC, per capita. (Source: WCC Parks and Gardens)	2004/05 = 188 m ² /person (0.0188 hec/person 3,214 hec); 2005/06 = 187 m ² /person (0.0187 hec/person 3,469 hec); 2006/07 = 188 m ² / person (0.0188 hec/person 3,546 hec).
		4.1.B Resident usage of the city's open spaces (including parks, Town Belt, reserves, etc). (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	Most days = 9%; Once or twice a week = 18%; Once every 2 - 3 weeks = 8%; Once a month = 15%; Once every 2 - 3 months = 11%; Once every 3 - 4 months = 4%; Once every 6 months or less often = 10%; Never in the last 12 months = 26%
Pest animals and plants will be eliminated as methods become available, and no new pests will become established.	Stronger Sense of Place	4.2.A Resident perceptions that the natural environment is appropriately managed and protected. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2007 = 79% (strong = 13% and agree = 66%)
Wellington's long-term environmental health will be protected by well-planned and well-maintained infrastructure.	More Actively Engaged	4.3.A Resident actions to reduce waste from homes (including recycling, composting, etc). (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	(2005, 2006, 2007) Reusing plastic containers (bags, etc) = 85%, 85%, 89%, WCC recycling = 90%, 91%, 88%, Donating 2 nd hand things = 88%, 88%, 85%, Buying refills = 76%, 76%, 74%; Taking things to recycling station = 47%, 50%, 47%; Home composting = 44%, 46%, 47%; Avoiding plastic bottles/ bags = 32%, 37%, 43%.
		4.3.B Hours worked by recognised environmental volunteer groups. (Source: WCC Parks and Gardens)	2004/05 = 7,242 hours; 2005/06 = 7,381 hours; 2006/07 = 7,511 hours
Wellingtonians' use of non-renewable energy resources will decrease. Wellington will move towards a zero waste policy.		4.3.C Resident actions to reduce stormwater pollution. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	(2006,2007) Putting your litter in a rubbish bin = 94%; 97% Disposing of sweepings with household rubbish = 66%; 71% Pouring household liquid waste down an inside sink, toilet or gully trap = 71%; 70% Disposing of oil, paint, chemicals = 60%; 60%, Washing paint brushes in an inside sink = 54%; 56% Washing the car at the carwash or on the lawn = 51%; 42%; Picking up dog droppings = 23%; 22%.
Wellington will preserve and improve its parks, trees and open spaces.	Better Connected	4.4.A Kilometres of maintained tracks. (Source: WCC Parks and Gardens)	2004/05 = 168.0km; 2005/06 = 210.0km; 2006/07 = 365.5km
Wellington's urban development and buildings will be energy-efficient.	More Sustainable	4.5.A Total waste to landfill, per capita. (Source: WCC CitiOperations)	2004/05 = 0.496 tonnes/ person; 2005/06 = 0.432 tonnes/ person; 2006/07 = 0.388 tonnes/ person
		4.5.B Water-use, per capita. (Source: Capacity - Wellington Water Management Ltd)	2004/05 = 165,400 litre/person; 2005/06 = 167,126 litres/person; 2006/07 = 173,792 litres/person
		4.5.C Energy-use, per capita (Source: Vector Limited)	2006 = 9.1MWh/person
		4.5.D Ecological footprint (Source: Ministry for the Environment)	1997-98: Wellington Region = 1,029,050 ha (per capita footprint 2.40 ha/capita) Note: 1997-98 is the most recent information from the Ministry for the Environment. A new ecological footprint for Wellington Region is expect at the end of 2007.
		4.5.E Total recyclable material diverted from the landfill (by WCC), per capita. (Source: WCC CitiOperations)	2006/07 = 0.178 tonnes/ person
Wellingtonians will protect and have access to public green open spaces and the coast.			
Wellington will promote the sustainable management of the environment, and support	Safer	4.6.A Air quality – particulate matter (PM ₁₀).	2005: Maximum = 30; Mean (annual) = 17

COMMUNITY OUTCOMES
increased opportunities for the exercise of kaitiakitanga or environmental guardianship.

WCC OUTCOMES	COUNCIL OUTCOME INDICATOR	DATA
	(Source: Greater Wellington Regional Council)	2006: Maximum = 37; Mean (annual) = 15
	4.6.B Energy-supply interruptions (Source: Vector Limited)	2006/07 = 34.1 minutes (Average outage time per household)
Healthier	4.7.A Fresh water biological health (macroinvertebrates)	Makara Stream: 2004/05 = 100; 2005/06 = 94. Karori Stream: 2004/05 = 93; 2005/06 = 109. Kaiwharawhara Stream: 2004/05 = 91; 2005/06 = 88.
	4.7.B Fresh water quality (six key indicators of quality – water clarity, dissolved oxygen, dissolved reactive phosphorus, nitrite-nitrate nitrogen, ammoniacal nitrogen and <i>Escherichia coli</i>)	2004-2006 (based on data over two year period) Makara = Fair quality (complies with 3 or 4 of 6 indicators) Karori = Fair quality (complies with 3 or 4 of 6 indicators) Kaiwharawhara = Fair quality (complies with 3 or 4 of 6 indicators)
	4.7.C Bird counts – selected bird species. (Source: WCC Parks and Gardens)	Silver eye: 2004/05 = 3.02; 2005/06 = 3.72; 2006/07 = 2.81. Fantail: 2004/05 = 0.81; 2005/06 = 0.76; 2006/07 = 0.49. Grey warbler: 2004/05 = 0.79; 2005/06 = 0.91; 2006/07 = 1.05. Tui: 2004/05 = 1.24; 2005/06 = 1.51; 2006/07 = 1.79. Kereru: 2004/05 = 0.09; 2005/06 = 0.17; 2006/07 = 0.11 Kingfisher: 2004/05 = 0.05; 2005/06 = 0.04; 2006/07 = 0.05 Bellbird: 2004/05 = 0.02; 2005/06 = 0.12; 2006/07 = 0.11.
	4.7.D Vegetation in reserve areas – composition (natives, grassland, exotics, etc). (Source: WCC Parks and Gardens)	(No update since 2001) Grasslands = 7%; Native scrub/ shrubland = 53%; Gorse / barberry shrubland = 21%; Native forest = 12%; Other = 7%.
More Competitive	4.8.A Key Wellington natural environment attractions visitor numbers (including Wellington Zoo, Karori Wildlife Sanctuary, Botanic Gardens and Otari-Wilton's bush). (Source: Venues)	2005/06 = 288,237; 2006/07 = 329,300 (Note: figures do not include Botanic Gardens data, visitor number collection facilities are expected to be installed at the gardens in 2007/08)

CULTURAL WELLBEING OUTCOME INDICATORS

COMMUNITY OUTCOMES	WCC OUTCOMES	COUNCIL OUTCOME INDICATOR	DATA
<p>Tangata whenua and our multicultural diversity will be recognised and valued, and reflected in our city's culture.</p> <p>Wellingtonians will celebrate their unique cultural identity.</p> <p>Wellington will be recognised as New Zealand's arts and cultural capital, encouraging visual and performing arts.</p> <p>Wellington will have venues that suit a range of events and reflect the needs of the city.</p> <p>Wellington will be a dynamic and multicultural city that respects and celebrates cultural diversity.</p> <p>Wellington will host and promote international sporting events which make appropriate use of its natural environment and established facilities.</p>	Stronger Sense of Place	5.1.A Resident perceptions that Wellington's local identity (sense of place) is appropriately valued and protected. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2007 = 79% (15% = strongly and 64% = agree)
	More Eventful	5.2.A. Number of events held (venues include: Westpac Stadium, Westpac St James Theatre, the Opera House, Wellington Convention Centre, City Gallery, Queens Wharf Events Centre, Te Papa and Capital E.) (Source: Venues)	2006/07 = 448
		5.2.B. Number weekends when at least one "cornerstone" cultural or arts event is held in the city (see - Events Strategy for definition). (Source: WCC City Events)	47 weekends out of the year had a "cornerstone" cultural or arts event.
		5.2.C. New Zealander and Wellingtonian perceptions that 'Wellington is the arts capital of New Zealand'. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	Wellington: 2005 = 76%; 2006 = 85%; 2007 = 76%; New Zealand: 2005 = 59%; 2006 = 69%, 2007 = 61%
		5.2.D. New Zealander and Wellingtonian perceptions that 'Wellington is the events capital of New Zealand'. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	Wellington: 2007 = 63% (strong = 17%, agree = 46%) New Zealand: 2007 = 38% (strong = 9%, agree = 29%)
		5.2.E. Number of national arts organisations, professional and amateur theatre groups based Wellington.	National organisations: 2007 = 23 Professional theatre groups: 2007 = 4 Amateur theatre groups: 2007 = 5
	More Inclusive	5.3.A. New Zealander and Wellingtonian perceptions that 'Wellington has a culturally rich and diverse arts scene'. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	(2005, 2006, 2007) Wellington: 2005 = 90%; 2006 = 92%; 2007 = 90% New Zealand: 2005 = 81%; 2006 = 83%; 2007 = 81%.
	More Actively Engaged	5.4.A. Number of businesses and employees engaged in the arts and cultural sector (sector defined by Statistics NZ)	(Percentage of total industry) Employees: 2000 = 1.51%; 2002 = 1.57%; 2004 = 1.58%; 2006 = 1.61% Business: 2000 = 2.27%; 2002 = 2.12%; 2004 = 2.14%; 2006 = 2.18%
		5.4.B. Resident frequency of engagement in cultural and arts activities (activities defined by Statistics NZ)	(2005, 2006, 2007) Movies = 80%, 83%, 81%; Music = 57%, 58%, 58%; Visual arts = 52%, 56%, 52%; Drama = 42%, 45%, 45%; Street theatre = 39%, 40%, 39%; Dance = 34%, 37%, 37%; Crafts = 30%, 31%, 30%, etc.

SOCIAL AND RECREATION OUTCOME INDICATORS

COMMUNITY OUTCOMES	WCC OUTCOMES	COUNCIL OUTCOME INDICATOR	DATA
<p>A wide range of educational opportunities will be available for Wellingtonians of all ages.</p> <p>Wellington communities will be inclusive and welcoming to all people.</p> <p>Wellington will have responsive social services and a strong volunteer sector.</p> <p>Wellingtonians will enjoy recreation and be amongst the most active in New Zealand.</p> <p>Social services, especially public health and housing, will be affordable, available and accessible to all Wellingtonians.</p> <p>Wellington City and its amenities will be accessible to all Wellingtonians.</p> <p>Opportunities for active and passive recreation are diverse, safe, affordable, accessible and attractive.</p> <p>Wellington's communities will have ready access to multi-use indoor and outdoor facilities and spaces.</p> <p>Wellington will feel safe in all parts of the city.</p> <p>Wellingtonians will be well prepared and coordinated to deal with any civil emergency and its aftermath.</p> <p>Wellingtonians will be healthy and experience a high quality of life.</p>	More Liveable	6.1.A Resident perceptions that Wellington offers a wide range of recreation activities. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2005 = 92%; 2006 = 94%; 2007 = 94%
		6.1.B Resident perceptions of their 'quality of life' (with comparison to other cities). (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2005 = 96%; 2006 = 95%; 2007 = 94%
		6.1.C Local and central government housing provisions, as a proportion of all rented private dwellings. (Source: WCC City Housing)	Housing New Zealand (2006) = 1,889 (8.0%) Wellington City Council (2006) = 2,354 (10.0%) Total rented dwellings in Wellington (2006) = 23,652
	More Inclusive	6.2.A Resident perceptions that cultural diversity makes Wellington a better place (with comparison to other cities). (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2005 = 77%; 2006 = 78%; 2007 = 76%
	More Actively Engaged	6.3.A Resident usage of WCC community and recreation facilities. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	Community facilities: 2005 = 86%, 2006 = 88%, 2007 = 82% Recreation facilities: 2005 = 62%; 2006 = 65%; 2007 = 63%.
		6.3.B Resident perceptions of barriers restricting participation in recreation activities. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2005 = 38%; 2006 = 32%; 2007 = 30% (see notes – parking, transport, too busy, poor health, no facilities, weather, environmental factors, expense, etc)
	Better Connected	6.4.A Resident perceptions that they feel a sense of community with others in their local neighbourhood. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2005 = 69% (strong 11%, agree 58%); 2006 = 71% (strong 9%, agree 62%), 2007 = 65% (strong 9%, agree 56%)
	Healthier	6.5.A Social deprivation – proportion of residents living each decile (1 to 10). (Source: Degrees of Deprivation in New Zealand)	Decile 1 = 24.7% (Least deprived); Decile 2 = 14.3%; Decile 3 = 13.5%; Decile 4 = 11.0%; Decile 5 = 9.7%; Decile 6 = 9.1%; Decile 7 = 7.0%; Decile 8 = 5.4%; Decile 9 = 2.5%; Decile 10 = 4.5% (Most deprived).
		6.5.B Residents' frequency of physical activity. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	More than 2.5 hours per week: 2005 = 80%, 2006 = 79%, 2007 = 85%.
		6.5.C Life expectancy (with break-down). (Source: Statistics NZ)	Wellington City: Male: 1995-1997 = 75.4; 2000-2002 = 78; Female: 1995-1997 = 81.2; 2000-2002 = 82.5 New Zealand: Male: 1995-1997 = 74.3; 2000-2002 = 76.3; Female: 1995-1997 = 79.6; 2000-2002 = 81.1.
6.5.D Number of notifications of the most prevalent food and water-borne diseases. (Source: WCC Building Consents and Licensing)		Campylobacter: 2004/05 = 39; 2005/06 = 71; 2006/07 = 33, Cryptosporidiosis: 2004/05 = 22; 2005/06 = 40; 2006/07 = 43, Giardia: 2004/05 = 89; 2005/06 = 89; 2006/07 = 78, Salmonella: 2004/05 = 55; 2005/06 = 65; 2006/07 = 70, Yesinia: 2004/05 = 21; 2005/06 = 40; 2006/07 = 37,	
Safer	6.6.A Crime – number recorded (resolution rate) - by category. (Source: NZ Police)	Total crimes: 2004 = 16,512 (44.7%); 2006 = 16,620 (40.5%), Sexual: 2004 = 109 (56.0%); 2006 = 115 (47.8%) Violence: 2004 = 1,809 (80.4%); 2006 = 2,149 (77.9%) Drugs / Anti-social: 2004 = 2,083 (94.4%); 2006 = 2,014 (93.7%)	
	6.6.B Resident perceptions of safety – central city and local neighbourhood (day and night). (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	(2005, 2006, 2007) Central City during day= 97%, 98%, 99%; Central City after dark = 69%, 72%, 74%; Neighbourhood during day = 98%, 99%, 99%; Neighbourhood after dark = 92%, 92%, 86%.	
	6.6.C Emergency preparedness – residents with an emergency kit (as defined by WEMO) and home emergency plan. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	(2005, 2006, 2007) Residents who have an emergency kit = 56%, 54%, 52%. 2007 = 33% of residents have an emergency plan	

GOVERNANCE OUTCOME INDICATORS

COMMUNITY OUTCOMES	WCC OUTCOME	COUNCIL OUTCOME INDICATOR	DATA
<p>The Treaty partnership will continue to be acknowledged in all local decision-making processes.</p> <p>Wellington will have a culture of open and honest, no surprises consultation involving all age groups that is genuine, timely and well informed.</p> <p>Wellington's governing bodies will comply with all legislative requirements, and will behave in an ethical and fair manner.</p> <p>Information required by citizens and groups will be easily accessible, to enable participation in the community.</p> <p>Wellington's media will be diverse, open and accessible to all people.</p> <p>Wellingtonians will be actively involved in their communities and work with others to make things happen.</p> <p>Wellington, as New Zealand's capital city, will house and engage effectively with central government, embassies and corporate organisations.</p>	More Inclusive	7.1.A. Voter participation in local government elections (with comparison to other TLAs and central government election participation). (Source: Department of Internal Affairs)	Local elections: 2001 = 48%; 2004 = 42% Regional: 2001 = 49%; 2004 = 43% National: 2002 = 81%; 2005 = 86%
		7.1.B. Residents' perceptions of their extent of influence on Council decision-making. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2007: Large influence = 14%, Some influence = 42%, Small influence = 33%, No influence = 11%
	More Actively Engaged	7.2.A. Interviews with both Treaty partners covering a range of issues relating to the Treaty Partnership. (Source: WCC Planning, Performance and Research).	Two partner groups: one very satisfied and other quite satisfied.
		7.2.B. Residents' rating of agreement that decisions are made in the best interests of the city. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2007: Strongly agree = 6%, Agree = 48%, Neither = 21%, Disagree = 17%, Strongly disagree = 9%
		7.2.C. Residents' perceptions that they understand how the Council makes decisions. (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2007: Strongly agree = 5%, Agree = 38%, Neither = 15%, Disagree = 34%, Strongly disagree = 8%
		7.2.D. Residents' perceptions that information from WCC is easy to access (e.g. website, call centre, newspapers). (Source: WCC Resident Satisfaction Survey)	2007: Strongly agree = 12%, Agree = 59%, Neither = 16%, Disagree = 11%, Strongly disagree = 2%